

Coronary Artery Disease Cardiovascular Medicine

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Coronary heart disease—Treatment—NHS

There are many different reasons doctors give drugs to people with coronary artery disease: To relieve chest pain by reducing the heart's workload and widening arteries (nitrates) To prevent angina and acute coronary symptoms from occurring (beta-blockers, calcium channel blockers, and sometimes ranolazine)

Drug Treatment of Coronary Artery Disease—Heart and...

Aspirin works by reducing your risk of blood clots. Blood clots in your coronary arteries can lead to a life threatening heart attack. This medication can also help prevent heart attacks if you've...

Coronary Artery Disease Treatment (CAD)—Medication and More

Coronary Artery Disease (Cardiovascular Medicine): Amazon.co.uk: James T. Willerson, David R. Holmes Jr.: Books

Coronary Artery Disease (Cardiovascular Medicine)—Amazon—

In the work-up of suspected or known coronary artery disease (CAD), cardiovascular magnetic resonance (CMR) is an established technique and it is recommended by most recent guidelines.

Coronary artery disease—Oxford Medicine

Historically, coronary heart disease (CHD) and coronary artery disease (CAD) were terms used to describe obstructive coronary stenosis, although over the past two decades it has become clear that IHD is a more appropriate term because not all patients with angina and ischaemia have obstructive epicardial stenoses.

Gender in cardiovascular medicine: chest pain and coronary—

In a first review entitled 'Gender in cardiovascular medicine: chest pain and coronary artery disease', C. Noel Bairey Merz and colleagues from the Cedar Sinai Medical Center Smidt Heart Institute ...

Gender in cardiovascular medicine: chest pain and coronary—

Coronary artery disease (CAD) causes impaired blood flow in the arteries that supply blood to the heart. Also called coronary heart disease (CHD), CAD is the most common form of heart disease and...

Coronary Artery Disease: Causes, Symptoms, and Treatments

Coronary artery ectasia is a rare disease that occurs in only 0.3-4.9% of people in North America. Coronary artery ectasia is characterized by the enlargement of a coronary artery to 1.5 times or more than its normal diameter. The disease is commonly asymptomatic and is normally discovered when performing tests for other conditions such as coronary artery disease, stable angina and other acute ...

Coronary artery ectasia—Wikipedia

Medications Statins, which reduce cholesterol, reduce the risk of coronary artery disease Nitroglycerin Calcium channel blockers and/or beta-blockers Antiplatelet drugs such as aspirin

Coronary artery disease—Wikipedia

Cholesterol-modifying medications. These medications reduce (or modify) the primary material that deposits on the coronary arteries. As a result, cholesterol levels ↓ especially low-density lipoprotein (LDL, or the "bad") cholesterol ↓ decrease.

Coronary artery disease—Diagnosis and treatment—Mayo—

What is coronary artery disease? Every year, millions of patients are diagnosed with some form of heart disease, and one of the most common is atherosclerosis. At 32% cardiovascular disease was the leading cause of death worldwide. Atherosclerosis is commonly referred to as "hardening of the arteries".

Coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG)

Overview. Coronary artery disease develops when the major blood vessels that supply your heart become damaged or diseased. Cholesterol-containing deposits (plaques) in your coronary arteries and inflammation are usually to blame for coronary artery disease. The coronary arteries supply blood, oxygen and nutrients to your heart.

Coronary artery disease—Symptoms and causes—Mayo Clinic

Patients with Ischemic heart conditions must take a mixture of medicine to scale back the heart's oxygen consumption, dilate the coronary arteries, and stop forming a replacement blockage. Nitro-glycerine and its derivatives (nitrates, either as tablets or transdermal patches) are known as vasodilators.

Coronary Artery Disease: Symptoms, Risk Factors, and Treatment

Coronary artery disease, also called CAD, coronary or atherosclerotic heart disease, is a serious condition caused by a buildup of plaque in your coronary arteries, the blood vessels that bring...

Coronary Artery Disease: Symptoms, Causes, Diagnosis—

Coronary artery disease (CAD) is the most common type of heart disease. It is the leading cause of death in the United States in both men and women. CAD happens when the arteries that supply blood to heart muscle become hardened and narrowed. This is due to the buildup of cholesterol and other material, called plaque, on their inner walls.

Coronary Artery Disease | CAD | MedlinePlus

Methods We prospectively enrolled 40 patients with or without known diabetes mellitus who had epicardial coronary artery disease referred for coronary angiography and were not treated with diabetic medications. Of these, two had a significant stenosis in the left main coronary artery and were therefore excluded from the analyses.

Coronary Flow Reserve and Glycemic Variability in Patients—

Patients with diabetes have an increased risk of developing CV disease presenting as coronary artery disease, MI, stroke or heart failure. For decades, patient management has been classified as either primary prevention (no cardiovascular disease) or secondary prevention (cardiovascular disease present).